

SUMMARIES

Gianfranco Gazzetti

ARCHEOLOGICAL FINDINGS IN THE PRENESTINA AREA

This report analyses the results of a research campaign to investigate the archeological existencies in the Prenestina Area, South of Tivoli, Lazio.

In the report are detailing analyzed more than sixty sites found in the area, some of them subsequently destroyed due to routing and building works. For each of them possible materials and walls structures are described and historical known references are reported, hypothesing a reconstruction of the sites in the area dividing it in different chronological phases. From this result borns a hypothesis of a continuous human presence in the Roman age, around the III century B.C. till the IV century A.C., with a phase of maximum exploitation during the flavian and antonianian's period and a gradual reduction from the second half of the II century B.C.

Ernesto De Carolis

BURNED WOODS OF ERCOLANO: HISTORY OF THE DISCOVERIES AND KEEPING PROBLEMS

Scarce attention has been paid by the scholars to the wooden remains of the Roman houses involved in the Vesuvian eruption of A.D. 79; similarly, the recovery interventions often failed in the choice of chemical materials and repairing techniques.

The matter concerns frames of windows and doors, pieces of furniture, tools and other items. Many of them are charred, but they are able to supply a lot of useful data to the archaeologists. This article enlightens a neglected evidence relating to the manufacturing and restoring of various pieces of Roman wood-carving.

(Trad. Giuseppe Ligato)

Silvia Pascale

JAR FINDINGS IN THE AREA OF TREVISO: TYPOLOGIES AND TRADE

This study analyzes more than one hundred and fifty Roman transporting jar fragments, found out during surface researches in the territory of Treviso, especially in the area of Breda di Piave and Carbonera. The fragments belong to fourteen different typologic categories.

Besides the archaeological findings, this study considers also epigraphic evidences about the *navicularii* of the Adriatic (between Ostia and Rome) and passages from the ancient sources to reconstruct a picture of some food-stuffs production and trade in this area.

In this way it is possible to trace, during the Republic age, the importance of production and circulation of the wine from the adriatic region; during the first Empire age this local wine was added by vintage wines from Greece and by fish sauce from Spain, while the neighbouring Istria satisfied the requests of olive oil.

In the middle Empire age there was a prevalence of olive oil and maybe of *garum* traded from Africa; this oil and the wines from the East are still imported in the late antiquity.

(Trad. Gianni Zecchini)

Luigi Di Cosmo

A NOTE UPON ANCIENT ABANDONED SETTLEMENTS IN THE AREA OF ALLIFAE AND TELESIA

The territory that is the object of this article is located in the northern area of the Casertano and Sannio and it is located between the two roman colonies of *Allifae* and *Telesia*.

Within the framework of a surface research on several minor settlements disappeared in the Medieval Age, the place-name of which is still preserved, emerged some facts useful to identify the periods that area was inhabited.

The five sites described are situated near the Volturno river or to his affluent Titerno and were surely favoured by the presence of the ancient road system. Probably they were also located over pre-existent Roman age settlements.

The place-names of these sites are usually referred to churches, monasteries and military settlements.

An exhaustive study based on written sources and the culture of the materials of that settlements could bring, in the future, valuable results.

(Trad. Gianni Zecchini)

i manuali di archeologia uomo territorio

Il Manuale di AUT è uno strumento agile e conciso, dedicato a singole metodologie di ricerca, studio e valorizzazione del patrimonio storico-artistico-monumentale.

Lo scopo è di fornire le informazioni essenziali, tecniche e legislative, che aiutino a introdurre l'operatore volontario a un corretto approccio ai beni culturali

La ricognizione archeologica: raccolta e legislazione

Gianluca Groppelli, Andrea Perin,
Alberto Rovida, Dario Savoia
La raccolta di superficie

Claudio Zicari
La legislazione

**Esempio di lettera
di denuncia di ritrovamento**

Indicazioni bibliografiche

32 pagg., 14 tavv. b/n, 3 foto b/n

Il primo volume della collana è rivolto alla "Ricognizione archeologica", in particolare alla raccolta di superficie e alla legislazione vigente, cui seguirà un volume dedicato alla "documentazione e topografia". L'argomento non è casuale e rispecchia l'attività di ricerca che da sempre ha costituito un aspetto caratteristico dell'operatore volontario. La ricerca di superficie non è ovviamente appannaggio dei soli gruppi di volontariato, ma assume in questo caso un significato che non si limita alla ricerca archeologica, entrando a pieno merito nel controllo e nella difesa del territorio cui il volontario è strutturalmente legato. Questo volume non si limita perciò a fornire le tecniche di investigazione e raccolta, ma offre le indicazioni per valutare le modifiche che subisce il paesaggio, insieme a un esame della normativa di legge sotto la quale ricade l'attività di ricognizione di superficie.